MICHIGAN ECONOMIC INDICATORS

A monthly newsletter on key economic indicators prepared by the Senate Fiscal Agency.

ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS



The advance estimate for **inflation-adjusted Gross Domestic Product** (GDP) showed growth of 1.6% in the first quarter of 2003, up from 1.4% in the fourth quarter of 2002. The continued slow growth during the first quarter reflected slower growth in personal consumption expenditures and declining investment spending.

United States

Retail sales declined 0.1% from March to April but were 4.0% above the April 2002 level.
 The monthly decrease reflected higher sales in motor vehicles and parts, apparel, and building materials, which slightly less than offset declines in virtually every other retail sector.

- Motor vehicle sales rose 4.5% from February to March but were 3.0% below the level one year ago. Sales of imported light trucks rose 18.2% in March and were 23.2% above the level one year ago. Sales of domestic light trucks were up 1.7% between February and March, but were 4.6% below the year-ago level. As a result, the share of light truck sales consisting of imports increased from 14.0% in February to 15.9% in March.
- The **unemployment rate** increased from 5.8% in March to 6.0% in April despite the first increase in employment since January, which was only the second increase since September 2002. The entry of 680,000 persons into the labor force pushed the unemployment rate higher because employment grew only by 339,000 jobs, resulting in a 341,000-person increase in the number of people unemployed.



Michigan

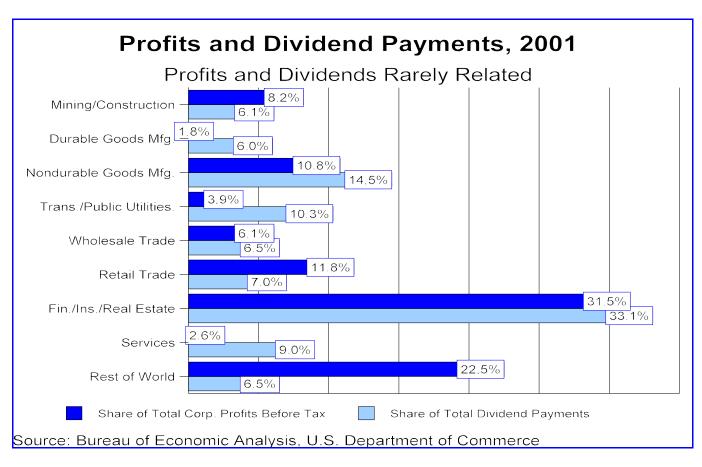
- Michigan wage and salary employment fell by 18,000 jobs from February to March.
 Most of the decrease appeared in the service-producing sector, which lost 13,000 jobs.
 The largest reductions occurred in the leisure and hospitality services sector, where employment fell by 5,000 jobs, and government, where employment declined by 6,000 jobs. The manufacturing sector remained essentially flat, but was 28,000 jobs below the level in March 2002.
- The Michigan unemployment rate increased to 6.7% in March, from 6.6% in February and 6.2% in January. March marked the 28th consecutive month that the Michigan unemployment rate has been above the U.S. rate. The last time the Michigan unemployment rate was below the U.S. average was October 2000.
- Average weekly earnings were above year-ago levels in most sectors in March. The
 sectors exhibiting meaningful declines in average weekly earnings were nondurable
 goods manufacturing, wholesale trade, retail trade and information, and personal and
 laundry services. Average weekly earnings were up the most in the motor vehicle parts
 manufacturing, financial activities, and health care and social assistance sectors, with
 earnings from 2.0% to 8.7% above the March 2002 level. Many of the gains appeared
 to reflect higher wages, since compared with one year ago average weekly hours were
 down slightly in most sectors.



Prepared by: David Zin Economist



U.S. & MICHIGAN LABOR MARKET NEWS (Seasonally Adjusted, Thousands)										
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Change F	rom Mar.	Change From Year Ag				
U.S.	2003	2003	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Labor Force	146,473	145,793	144,763	680	0.5%	1,710	1.2%			
Employment	137,687	137,348	136,196	339	0.2	1,491	1.1			
Unemployment	8,786	8,445	8,567	341	4.0	219	2.6			
Unemployment Rate	6.0%	5.8%	5.9%	_	_	_	_			
	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	Change F	rom Feb.	Change Fro	m Year Ag			
Michigan	2003	2002	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percen			
Labor Force	5,105	5,124	5,045	(19)	(0.4)%	60	1.2%			
Employment	4,761	4,787	4,725	(26)	(0.6)	36	0.8			
Unemployment	344	337	319	7	2.1	24	7.6			
Unemployment Rate	6.7%	6.6%	6.3%	_	_		_			





	Mar. Feb. Mar. <u>Change from Feb.</u> Cha				Change fr	ange from Yr Ago	
-	2003*	2002	2002	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
otal Nonagricultural Jobs	4,419	4,437	4,472	(18)	(0)%	(53)	(1)%
Goods Producing Industries	943	948	975	(5)	(1)	(33)	(3)
Natural Resources & Mining	7	8	9	(0)	(5)	(2)	(18)
Construction	199	202	202	(3)	(2)	(3)	(1)
Manufacturing	737	738	765	(1)	(0)	(28)	(4)
Transportation Equipment	279	279	296	0	0	(17)	(6)
Service Producing Industries	3,477	3,490	3,497	(13)	(0)	(20)	(1)
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	832	833	837	(0)	(0)	(5)	(1)
Information	76	75	76	`2	`2	`o´	Ì
Financial Activities	216	215	214	1	0	2	1
Professional & Business Services	576	578	590	(2)	(0)	(14)	(2)
Education & Health Services	540	542	527	(1)	(0)	`14	3
Leisure & Hospitality Services	379	384	395	(5)	(1)	(16)	(4)
Other Services	173	174	174	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Government	684	690	685	(6)	(1)	(1)	(0)

	Avera	ige Weekly H	<u>lours</u>	Average Weekly Earnings			
In director.	Mar.	Year	Percent	Mar.	Year	Percent	
Industry	2002	Ago	Change	2003	Ago	Change	
Natural Resources, Mining & Construction	37.5	38.8	(3.4)%	828.00	831.48	(0.4)%	
Manufacturing	41.7	42.5	(1.9)	865.28	858.93	0.7	
Durable Goods	42.6	43.0	(0.9)	941.46	927.08	1.6	
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	41.4	42.8	(3.3)	1,233.72	1,209.10	2.0	
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	44.1	44.4	(0.7)	1,132.05	1,102.01	2.7	
Nondurable Goods	38.0	40.2	(5.5)	547.96	562.80	(2.6)	
Wholesale Trade	35.4	37.5	(5.6)	659.15	693.38	(4.9)	
Retail Trade	28.7	28.6	0.3	315.41	327.47	(3.7)	
General Merchandise Stores	25.5	25.2	1.2	232.05	224.03	3.6	
Grocery Stores	27.8	27.8	0.0	284.12	293.01	(3.0)	
Information	31.6	33.5	(5.7)	500.86	507.53	(1.3)	
Financial Activities	37.2	35.8	`3.9 [′]	581.44	534.85	`8.7 [′]	
Professional & Business Services	33.7	34.3	(1.7)	564.48	556.00	1.5	
Health Care & Social Assistance	33.7	32.7	3.1	547.96	519.28	5.5	
Leisure & Hospitality	21.8	21.9	(0.5)	175.27	171.04	2.5	
Auto. Repair & Maintenance	36.2	36.4	(0.5)	540.83	516.52	4.7	
Personal & Laundry Services	25.7	25.7	0.0	356.72	374.45	(4.7)	

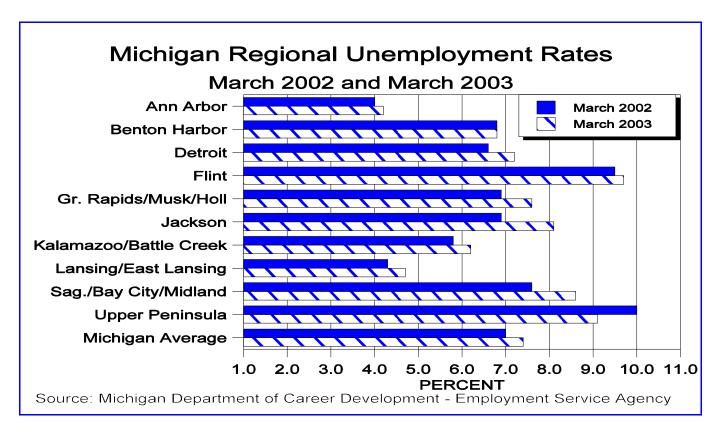


* Preliminary

MICHIGAN UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY SELECTED METROPOLITAN AREAS AND MULTI-COUNTY AREAS (Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variations)

	Mar. 2003	Feb. 2002	Jan. 2003	Mar. 2002
Metropolitan Statistical Areas				
Ann Arbor	4.2%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%
Benton Harbor	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.8
Detroit	7.2	7.0	6.9	6.6
Flint	9.7	9.5	9.8	9.5
Grand Rapids	7.6	7.4	7.4	6.9
Jackson	8.1	7.7	7.6	6.9
Kalamazoo-Battle Creek	6.2	6.2	6.4	5.8
Lansing-East Lansing	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.3
Saginaw-Bay City-Midland	8.6	8.1	8.2	7.6
Multi-County Areas				
Northeast Lower Michigan	13.2	12.9	12.8	14.2
Northwest Lower Michigan	9.4	9.3	9.0	9.6
Upper Peninsula	9.1	9.2	9.3	10.0
Michigan Statewide Average				
Unadjusted (comparable to figures shown above)	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.0

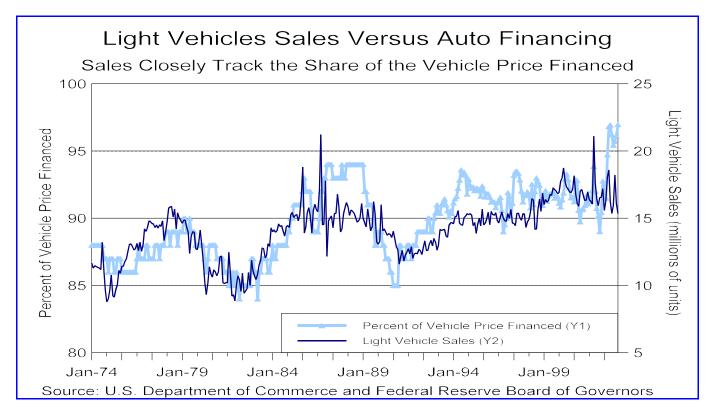
Source: Michigan Department of Career Development - Employment Service Agency





MOTOR VEHICLE SALES AND PRODUCTION STATISTICS (Thousands of Units)									
		`		,		Percent Change From:			
	Mar. 2003	Feb. 2003	Jan. 2003	Dec. 2002	Year Ago Mar.	Mar./Feb	Mar. 2003/ Mar. 2002		
Motor Vehicle Sales ^{1,2)}									
Autos	7,735	7,333	8,144	8,416	8,144	5.5%	(5.0)%		
Domestics	5,534	5,177	5,898	6,148	5,882	6.9	(5.9)		
Imports	2,201	2,156	2,246	2,268	2,262	2.1	(2.7)		
Import Share	28.5%	29.4%	27.6%	26.9%	27.8%	_	`		
Light Trucks	8,334	8,013	7,951	9,790	8,422	4.0	(1.0)		
Domestics	7,008	6,891	6,858	8,655	7,346	1.7	(4.6)		
Imports	1,326	1,122	1,093	1,135	1,076	18.2	23.2		
Import Share	15.9%	14.0%	13.7%	11.6%	12.8%	_	_		
Heavy Trucks	363	384	370	386	377	(5.5)	(3.7)		
Total	16,432	15,730	16,465	18,592	16,943	4.5	(3.0)		
U.S. Motor Vehicle Production ^{1,2)}									
Autos	4,340	4,534	5,300	4,398	4,850	(4.3)	(10.5)		
Michigan Motor Vehicle Production ^{2,3)}									
Autos	1,442	1,459	1,874	1,386	1,601	(1.2)	(9.9)		
Trucks	1,063	1,184	1,344	1,114	760	(10.2)	39.8		
Total	2,505	2,643	3,219	2,501	2,361	(5.2)	6.1		
Michigan Production as % of U.S.	23.3%	22.5%	23.6%	22.7%	22.3%	_	_		
U.S. Motor Vehicle Inventories ⁴⁾									
Total Car	1,772	1,829	1,756	1,654	1,557	(3.1)	13.8		
Days Supply	64	73	78	64	53	(12.3)	20.8		
Total Truck	2,253	2,116	1,986	1,812	1,672	6.5	34.7		
Days Supply	79	82	94	56	58	(3.7)	36.2		

Sources: 1) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2) SAAR = Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates. 3) Michigan Department of Treasury, Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis and the Senate Fiscal Agency. 4) Automotive News, Crain Communications, Inc. (ending inventory)





OTHE	R KEY ECO	NOMIC INDI	CATORS				
			Actual Data		Percent Change From:		
Variable	Latest Period	Latest Period	Previous Period	Year Ago	Previous Period*	Year Ago	
Weekly Leading Index, monthly1) (1992=100)	Apr.	119.0	118.7	121.3	0.3%	(1.9)%	
Coincident Index ¹⁾ (1992=100)	Apr.	137.1	137.2	135.5	(0.1)	1.2	
Housing Starts, U.S. ²⁾ (thousands of units, SAAR)	Apr.	1,630	1,748	1,587	(6.8)	2.7	
Retail Sales, U.S. ²⁾ (billions, seasonally adjusted)	Apr.	\$280.4	\$280.6	\$269.7	(0.1)	4.0	
Industrial Production Index3 (1992=100) (seasonally adjusted)	Apr.	109.7	110.2	110.1	(0.5)	(0.4)	
Capacity Utilization ³⁾ (% of total capacity, seasonally adjusted)	Apr.	74.4	74.8	75.6	(0.6)	(1.6)	
Consumer Price Index 4) (1982-84=100)							
U.S. (seasonally adjusted)	Apr.	183.3	183.9	179.3	(3.8)	2.2	
Detroit (not seasonally adjusted)	Apr.	182.2	182.4	179.0	(0.7)	1.8	
Interest Rates							
3-month Treasury Bill ³⁾	Apr.	1.14%	1.13%	1.72%			
Corporate Aaa Bonds3)	Apr.	5.74%	5.89%	6.76%			
Real Gross Domestic Product ⁵⁾	2003						
(billions of 1996 \$, SAAR, chain-weighted)	1 st Qtr.	\$9,556.0	\$9,518.2	\$9,363.2	1.6	2.1	
Michigan Tax Collections ⁶⁾	Apr. 2003	\$1,697.4	\$1,239.2	\$1,795.4	NM	(5.5)	
(12 major taxes, millions)							

SAAR = Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates. NM = Not Meaningful.

Revenue data vary greatly from month-to-month due to timing and other noneconomic factors.

*Note: Percent changes from previous period for CPI and GDP at annual rate.

Sources: 1) Economic Cycle Research Institute 2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census 3) Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System 4) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics 5) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis 6) Michigan Department of Treasury and the Senate Fiscal Agency.

